

BIJLAGE J

TeX and SGML

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1 Setting the scene

1.1 Lifecycle-phases of documents

- preparation
- distribution
- reading
- storing (Paper? Electronically? Optically?)
- other usage, reuse?

SGML supports the *complete Lifecycle*, where FUTURE usage of the document is not necessarily restricted to printing.

TeX supports formatting and electronical exchange.

2 What is SGML?

It stands for:

Standard Generalized Markup Language

For the definition see, [20]. An introduction is [8], and courseware is [11]. A Dutch chapter of the SGML Users Group exists.²

¹Paper presented at: 2^e SGML Holland users group seminar 'De Rol van SGML in de praktijk', 27 oktober 1989, Amsterdam.

²SGML-Holland Secretary: D. van Wijnen, Wolters Kluwer. P.O. Box 989, 3300AZ Dordrecht. 078-334933.

2.1 Purpose

To facilitate INFORMATION exchange

— *Then and There* —

via a description LANGUAGE, where information is packed in documents, containing, text, graphics, ...

2.2 $\mathcal{M}\mathcal{E}\mathcal{T}\mathcal{A}$ LANGUAGE

SGML is a $\mathcal{M}\mathcal{E}\mathcal{T}\mathcal{A}$ LANGUAGE which can be used to define an arbitrary number of markup languages in a standardized way.

2.3 Markup

Formerly: (typeset)MARKS in the margin
 (Marks are bound to a version; no ‘data-integrity’)

Presently: Marks are integrated with copy
 (Note: Discriminate copy from MARKUP! Data-integrity is preserved.)

Markup $\stackrel{\text{def}}{=}$ Term used to describe codes added to the electronically prepared document

2.4 Generalized

Formerly: (typeset)MARKS for *specific* ‘here and now’ printers

Presently: Marks are *generic*
 (Not specific to print/plot/photoset hardware)

Generalized $\stackrel{\text{def}}{=}$ Abstraction from the specific to the general to describe the structure of a document and to specify intent without regard for appearance

2.5 Standard

Formerly: no consensus on mark-up ‘codes’
 (wordperfect, wordstar, applewrite, ...; Scribe, TEX , IATEX , ...)

Presently: SGML ISO standard

Standard $\stackrel{\text{def}}{=}$ It can be used to define an arbitrary number of markup languages in a *standardized* way.

Entails: general applicability,
 longer lifetivity,
 improved reusability,
 enhanced exchange possibilities.

2.6 Example markups

2.6.1 No markup

TeX A system for formatting text TeX and the accompanying macro package LaTeX provide powerful means ...

2.6.2 Presentational markup

T_EX:

A system for formatting text.

T_EX and it's accompanying macro package LaT_EX provide powerful means of formatting text to be output on either

- a simple matrix printer,
- a laser printer or
- a photo typesetter.

Nice in this context is poetry, e.g., Alice's mousetail, [6], or DEK's favourite poem of Piet Hein, [24].

2.6.3 Procedural (IAT_EX) markup

\subsection{\TeX{}}

A system for formatting text.

\par

\TeX{} and it's accompanying macro package \LaTeX{} provide powerful means of formatting text to be output on either

```
\begin{itemize}
\item simple matrix printer,
\item a laser printer or
\item a photo typesetter.
\end{itemize}
```

2.6.4 Descriptive (SGML) markup

<h>&TeX;

<p>A system for formatting text.

<p>&TeX{}; and it's accompanying macro package &LaTeX{}; provide powerful means of formatting text to be output on either

```
<li>
<it> simple matrix printer,
<it> a laser printer or
<it> a photo typesetter.
</li>
```

2.7 What is SGML not?

- No WYSIWYG (WYSIWY(A)G, ...) way of working
- Not a formatter, certainly not a standard formatter

3 What is T_EX?

T_EX is a formatter for 'making beautiful books', developed by Knuth, [23]. An introduction is given in [7].

IAT_EX, [29], is a macro collection for simplified use of T_EX, in the *procedural* markup way. A Dutch T_EX Users Group exists.³ Courseware is [10].

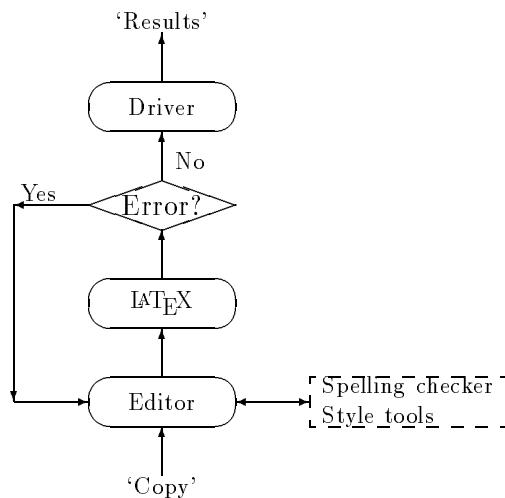
³NTG: Nederlandse T_EX Gebruikersgroep. Secretary: G.J.H. van Nes, ENR, Postbus 1, 1755ZG, Petten. 02246-4185; e-mail: vannes@ECN.NL.

3.1 Processing L^AT_EX

'L^AT_EX' is processed in three steps

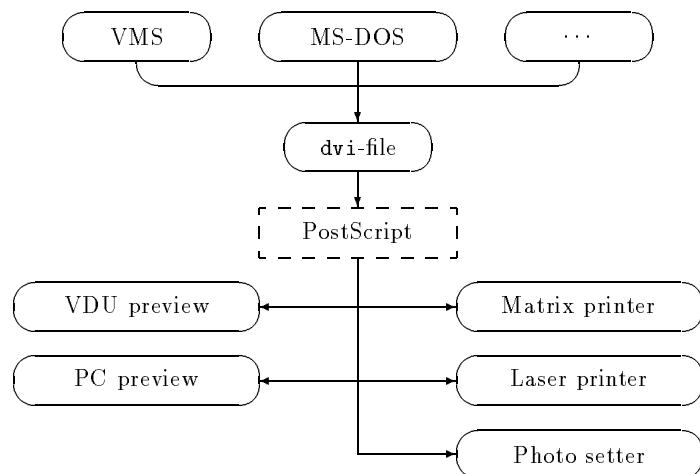
'copy' $\xrightarrow{\text{editor}}$ ASCII $\xrightarrow{\text{LaTeX}}$ dvi-file $\xrightarrow{\text{driver}}$ 'results'

The more steps the more difficult is correction handling



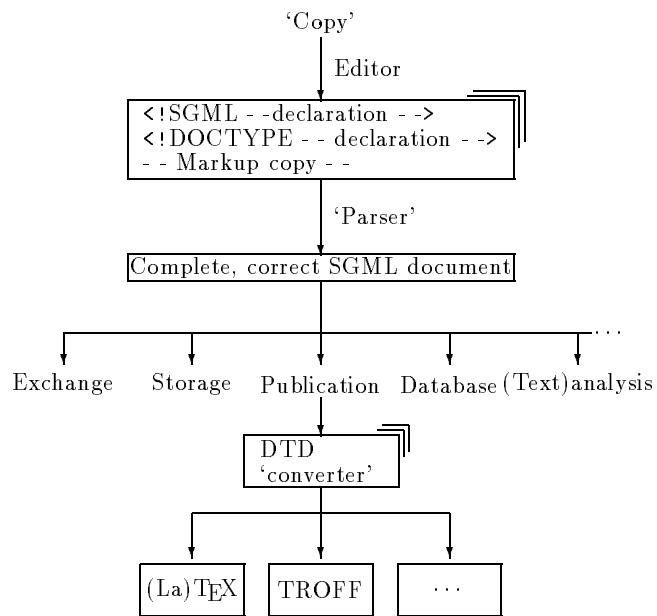
3.2 Availability

T_EX is available on many computers under various operating systems with a variety of drivers for the VDU (previewing), printer (hardly any), and photo setter. So documents written in (La)T_EX can be ported. Sending documents via e-mail is also generally possible except for the incorporated graphics. When graphics is part of the document T_EX combined with Postscript is used within the T_EX community. T_EX is in the public domain. Drivers and in general added value by companies have to be paid for. See ads in [36].



4 Relationship: SGML, \TeX and ...

The relationship of \TeX , SGML and other applications is illustrated in the diagram below. The coupling — ‘converters’ — can be done in SGML, in \TeX or via special ‘compilers’. An integrated — ikons user interface, SGML layer, \TeX layer, Postscript handling (optionally) with SGML, \TeX and dvi files available — implementation is Arbortexts’ The Publisher on a SUN.



5 Examples

5.1 Letter

5.1.1 Structure

- Background
 - Heading (Logo, address, phone, ...)
 - Footer (numbering, ...)
- Context (running heads next pages, ...)
- Reference
- Your reference
- Date
- Addressee (name, company, address, zip code)
- Beginning (Dear...)
- Contents
- End matter (Salutation, name, position)
- Additions (PS, enclosure, cc)

5.1.2 Letter result

Because a sample $\text{IAT}_{\text{\TeX}}$ letter could not be processed simultaneously in this context, the result is omitted. (Of course it could be pasted in, but that is not available electronically; it has been ‘pasted into’ the transparencies)

5.1.3 SGML markup

```
<!DOCTYPE letter PUBLIC
  -- DTD to be used --
  "-//NTG//DTD Letter//EN">
<letter -- start-tag -->
<ref> CGL/Ba/B89-007
<yourref> MC/L1/L89-001
<date> 4 august 1989
<address> Malcolm Clark
          Imperial College Computer Centre
          Exhibition Road
          London SW7 2BP, England
          janet:fps@uk.ac.ic.cc.vaxa
<dear>Malcolm
<p> Thank you very much ...
...
<p> Some details about the course ...
...
<signed name=CGL>
</letter -- end-tag -->
```

5.1.4 L^AT_EX specification

```

\documentstyle[12pt]{letter}
\address{\% return address
C. G. van der Laan    \\
\ldots}

\signature{Kees}

\begin{document}
{\LARGE % This size just for transparency

\begin{letter}{% address
Malcolm Clark          \\
\ldots}

% no ref or your ref
% date is handled automatically
\opening{Dear Malcolm}
\par

Thank you very much \ldots

\begin{quote}
\$ \vdots \$

\end{quote}

Some details about the course \ldots

\begin{quote}
\$ \vdots \$

\end{quote}

\closing{Best regards} % Handles signature
%ps, cc, enclosure all possible
\end{letter}
}

\end{document}

```

5.2 Bridge card deal

The L^AT_EX aspects have been published in [25]. An SGML elaboration has been done by Grootenhuis, [17].

5.2.1 L^AT_EX result

N/None	\spadesuit J74 \heartsuit AJ \diamondsuit QJT2 \clubsuit Q874	Deal: demo									
\spadesuit A3 \heartsuit K76 \diamondsuit 963 \clubsuit KJ952	\spadesuit K86 \heartsuit T9542 \diamondsuit 874 \clubsuit T3 \spadesuit QT952 \heartsuit Q83 \diamondsuit AK5 \clubsuit A6										
	<table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr><td></td><td style="text-align: center;">N</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">W</td><td></td><td style="text-align: center;">E</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td style="text-align: center;">S</td><td></td></tr> </table>		N		W		E		S		
	N										
W		E									
	S										

5.2.2 SGML markup

```
<deal><vuln>N/None
      <comm>Deal: demo
<hand n>&spades;J74
      &hearts;AJ
      &diams;QJT2
      &clubs;Q874
<hand e>&spades;K86
      &hearts;T9542
      &diams;874
      &clubs;T3
<hand s>&spades;QT952
      &hearts;Q83
      &diams;AK5
      &clubs;A6
<hand w>&spades;A3
      &hearts;K76
      &diams;963
      &clubs;KJ952
</deal>
```

5.2.3 L^AT_EX specification

```
\crdima{N/None}{%
\begin{minipage}[t]{\br}
  Deal:\demo
\end{minipage}}%
{\hand{J74}{AJ}{QJT2}{Q874}}%N
{\hand{K86}{T9542}{874}{T3}}%E
{\hand{QT952}{Q83}{AK5}{A6}}%S
{\hand{A3}{K76}{963}{KJ952}}%W
```

+

5.2.4 L^AT_EX macros

```
\newcommand{\hand}[4]{
\begin{minipage}[t]{\br}\I chose \br=8em
\begin{tabbing}
%width of parbox equals:
\min(\br, \max{string #1, ..., string #4})\\
\(\spadesuit\)\ = #1 \\
\(\heartsuit\)\ > #2 \\
\(\diams\)\> #3 \\
\(\clubsuit\)\> #4
\end{tabbing}
}
```

```

\end{tabbing}
\end{minipage}      }%end \hand
%
\newsavebox{\NESW}
\savetbox{\NESW}[4em]{%
\raisebox{-1.5\baselineskip}{%
\fbox{\small W
\raisebox{2.6ex}{N}
\hspace*{-1em}
\raisebox{-2.6ex}{S}
E
}
}
} }%end \NESW
%
\newcommand{\crdima}[6]{%
\begin{tabular}[t]{l}
#1 & #3 & #2 \\
#6 & \usebox{\NESW} & #4 \\
& #5 &
\end{tabular}}%end \crdima

```

5.2.5 SGML requirements

Declarations needed in DTD

```

<!ENTITY % ISOpub PUBLIC
  "ISO 8879-1986//ENTITIES Publishing//EN">
<!ELEMENT deal -- (vuln, comm?, hand*)>
<!ELEMENT (vuln|comm) - o CDATA>
<!ELEMENT hand - o (RCDATA, CDATA,
                    RCDATA, CDATA,
                    RCDATA, CDATA,
                    RCDATA, CDATA)>
<!ATTLIST hand nesw (n|e|s|w) #REQUIRED>

```

5.3 Some Math

5.3.1 L^AT_EX results

$$X \cap (A \cup B) = (X \cup A) \cap (X \cup B)$$

$$x \notin A \not\subset B$$

$$\|a(x + y)\| \leq |a|(\|x\| + \|y\|)$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx = \log(1 + \sqrt{1+x^2})$$

5.3.2 SGML markup

```

<fd>X&cap;(A&cup;B)=
(X&cup;A)&cap;(X&cup;B)</fd>

<fd>x&nis;in;A&nsub;B</fd>

<fd><fen d>a(x+y)<rp d></fen>&le;
  <fen>a<rp></fen>.(<fen d>x<rp d></fen>
  +<fen d>y<rp d></fen>
</fd>

```

```

<fd><in><opd><fr>1</><rad>1+
  x<sup>2/</rad></fr>dx</in>=
    <rf>log(1+<rad>1+x<sup>2/</rad>)
</fd>

```

Note. DTD used is an adapted version of AAP's DTD by D.C. Coleman, [26].

5.3.3 L^AT_EX specification

```

X\cap(A\cup B) =(X\cup A)\cap(X\cup B)

x \notinin A \notsubset B

\|a(x+y)\| \leq |a|.(|\alpha| + |\beta|)

\int\!\!\!-\!\!\!\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^2}}\,\mathrm{d}x
= \log(1+\sqrt{1+x^2})

```

6 Developments

A survey is given in [8].

6.1 Usage

- DOD (Automated Technical Order System)
- European Communities (FORmalised EXchange of Electronic Documents; office official publications)
- Publishers (AAP, British Library, KNUB(Elsevier, Kluwer, ...), ...)
- Her Majesty's Stationery Office (legal text)
- HP Technical documentation
- Oxford University Press (abridged forms, database applications)
- McGraw Hill Encyclopedia of Science and technology (CD-ROM)
- SGML Users Group (chapters in various countries)
- ...

6.2 Plans

- DOD (Computer-aided Acquisition and Logistic Support)

Object: To produce an integrated system in which information is held electronically, and which interfaces to CAD/CAM systems, electronic publishing systems and databases and those operated by the many defense contractors who supply the department, so that it will be possible to receive, distribute and use technical information in digital form.

6.3 Local work in progress

- Elsviers' experiment, [2]
- Examples tabular matter (L^AT_EX and SGML)
- Coupling SGML to L^AT_EX
- ...

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This article is an article representation of a presentation prepared via `TRSPAR.STY` the authors' modification of `REPORT.STY`. Although the structure is such that the `TRSPAR` copy can be processed by any other style, the file needed some adaptation. E.g. some more text here and there, removing `\Large` from within the description labels, adaptation of the minipage size, and omitting `\Large` in the literature list. The latter is used by the author to supply the full literature list on the hand-outs of the transparencies while attention is focussed on the enlarged items on the transparency.

Most SGML codings are tentative, only the original SGML codings of mathematics have been parsed, [26]. No coupling of SGML to `LATEX` has been done yet by the author.

This paper has been set by `TEX` and is written in `LATEX`.

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⁴ Association of American Publishers, 2005 Massachusetts Avenue, NW. Washington, DC 20036, Phone: (202) 232-3335

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